

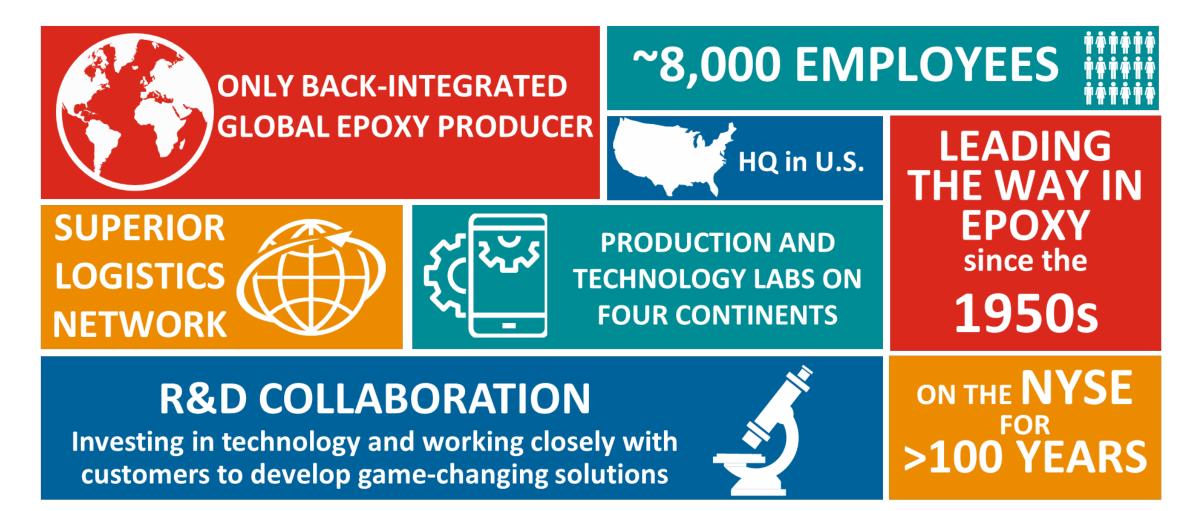
North American Pultrusion Conference

# Alkaline Durability of Pultruded BFRP Bars for Concrete Reinforcement

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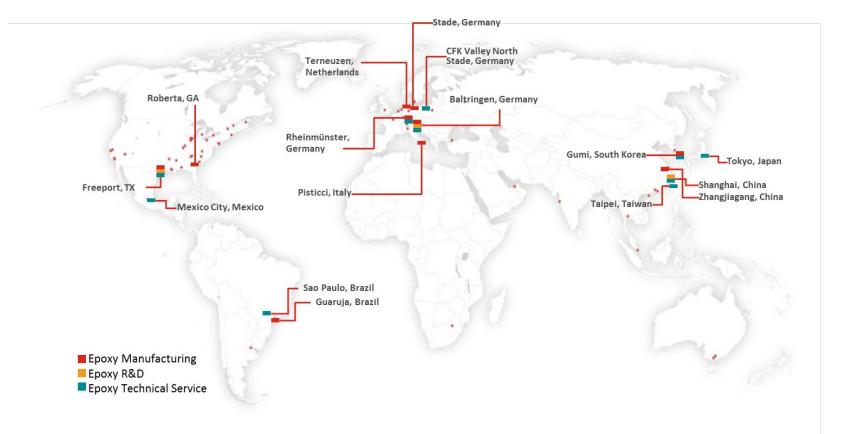
## **About Olin**





# **Global Epoxy Presence**

Manufacturing and R&D Centers on Four Continents with an Extensive Global Logistics and Distribution Network





## **Applications of Epoxy Based Composites**









#### Composites based on Epoxy matrices have been used in various applications with extreme durability.



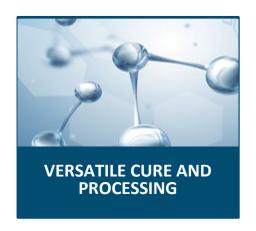
## Why Epoxy For FRP Rebar?





HIGH CORROSION RESISTANCE







SUPPLY CHAIN RELIABILITY



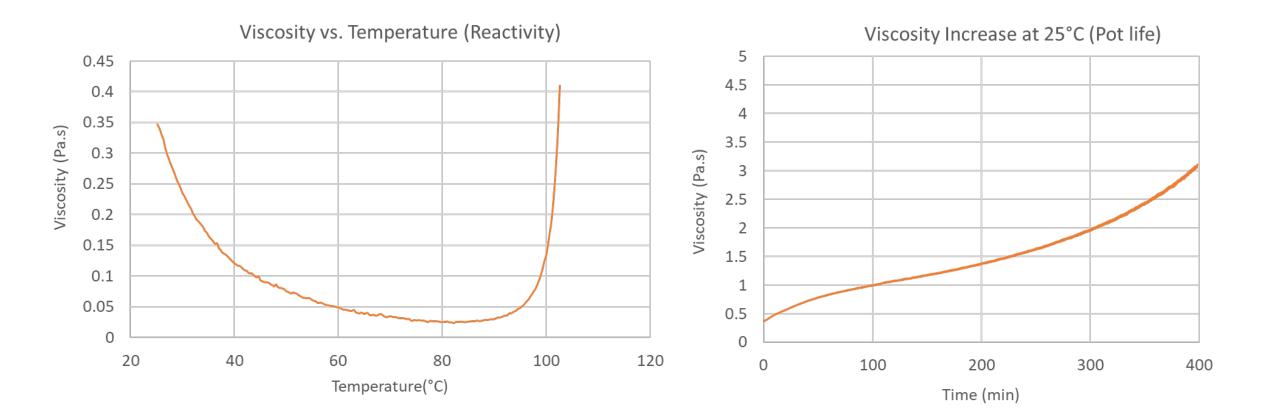
# **Objectives**

Evaluate the performance of epoxy based BFRP rebars made by industrial production Collect mechanical properties of BFRP rebars before and post alkaline solution treatment

Compare the data acquired from BFRP rebars to FDOT 932 or ASTM D7957 Analyze alkaline durability of BFRP Rebar for Concrete Reinforcement



# **Rheo-kinetics of Epoxy System**



#### **Desired balance of fast reactivity and long pot life**



# **Experiment- Testing Methods (Selected)**

#### ASTM D7205 Tensile



#### ASTM D7913 Bond Strength to Concrete



#### ASTM D7914 Bent Bar



#### ASTM D7617 Trans. Shear Behavior







#### ASTM E2160 Glass Transition Temp.





Tested by Structures and Materials Laboratory in University of Miami

### **BFRP Rebar Behavior Prior to Alkaline Solution Treatment**

#### \*Selected data from Sample #5

| Methods    | Test Description                   | SPEC. FDOT 932     | Test Values | Comment | • |
|------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------|---|
| ASTM D7617 | Guar. Transverse Shear<br>Strength | >19 ksi            | 21.0 ksi    | Pass    |   |
| ASTM D2584 | Fiber Content (by weight)          | >70 %              | 79.8 %      | Pass    | • |
| ASTM D7205 | Guar. Tensile Force                | 29.1 kip           | 33.1 kip    | Pass    |   |
|            | Tensile Modulus of Elasticity      | ≥ 6.5 Msi          | 7.0 Msi     | Pass    |   |
|            | Tensile Strain                     | ≥ 1.1%             | 1.6 %       | Pass    |   |
| ASTM D792  | Measured Cross Sectional<br>Area   | 0.288 to 0.388 in2 | 0.292 in2   | Pass    |   |
| ASTM D570  | Moisture Absorption Short<br>Term  | ≤ 0.25 %           | 0.17 %      | Pass    |   |
|            | Moisture Absorption Long Term      | ≤ 1.00 %           | 0.67 %      | Pass    |   |
| ASTM D7913 | Guar. Bond Strength                | >1100 psi          | 1227 psi    | Pass    |   |
| ASTM E2160 | Degree of Cure                     | >95%               | 99.1 %      | Pass    | G |
|            | Glass Transition Temperature (DSC) | >100 °C            | 139 °C      | Pass    |   |

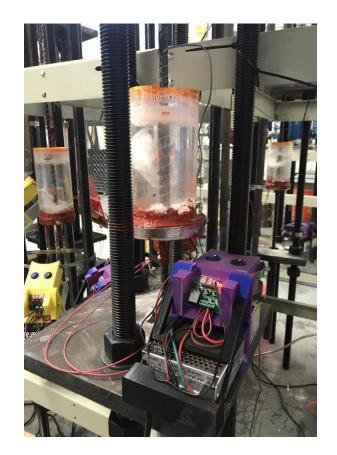
- 3 sizes of rebars (0.109, 0.207, 0.292 in<sup>2</sup>) were tested
- All three BFRP rebars meet or exceed FDOT 932 SPEC.

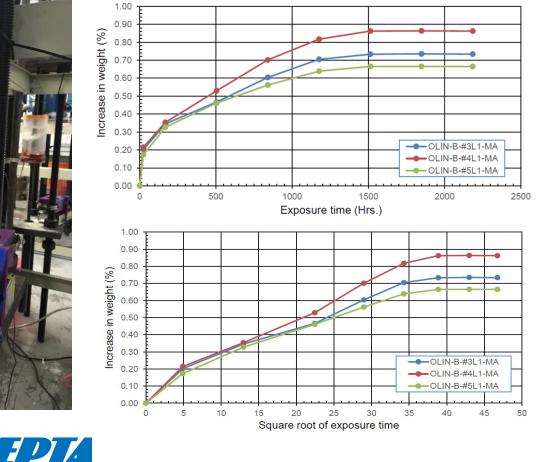




### Lab Accelerated Treatment for Alkaline Resistance

- Post Alkaline Resistance per ASTM D7705 guideline, 90 days at 60 °C
- Saturated water adsorption after 90 days treatment









### **Durability Performance - Post Alkaline Solution Treatment**

| Test Method | Test Description                   | Spec. FDOT 932 | Values  | Result |  |  |  |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| SAMPLE #3   |                                    |                |         |        |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7205  | Tensile Load Retention (with load) | >70 %          | 78.3 %  | Pass   |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7617  | Trans. Shear Strength Retention    | n/a            | 84.2 %  | n/a    |  |  |  |
| ASTM E2160  | Degree of Cure                     | >95 %          | 99.06 % | Pass   |  |  |  |
|             | Glass Transition Temperature (DSC) | >100 °C        | 139 °C  | Pass   |  |  |  |
| SAMPLE #4   |                                    |                |         |        |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7205  | Tensile Load Retention (with load) | >70%           | 92.3 %  | Pass   |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7617  | Trans. Shear Strength Retention    | n/a            | 107.6 % | n/a    |  |  |  |
| ASTM E2160  | Degree of Cure                     | >95 %          | 99.4 %  | Pass   |  |  |  |
|             | Glass Transition Temperature (DSC) | >100 °C        | 128 °C  | Pass   |  |  |  |
| SAMPLE #5   |                                    |                |         |        |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7205  | Tensile Load Retention (with load) | >70 %          | 89.8 %  | Pass   |  |  |  |
| ASTM D7617  | Trans. Shear Strength Retention    | n/a            | 106.2 % | n/a    |  |  |  |
| ASTM E2160  | Degree of Cure                     | >95 %          | 99.1 %  | Pass   |  |  |  |
|             | Glass Transition Temperature (DSC) | >100 °C        | 139 °C  | Pass   |  |  |  |



- All three BFRP rebars meet or exceed FDOT 932 SPEC
- Trans. Shear behavior indicates adequate thermoset protection





- Nominal #3, #4 and #5 BFRP (Basalt Fiber Reinforced Polymer) rebars were made with epoxy system by industrial production.
- A thorough study on those BFRP rebars was conducted at UM-SML (University of Miami, Structures and Materials Laboratory), a FDOT (Florida Department of Transportation) qualified testing facility.
- The durability performance was evaluated through an accelerated environmental treatment that involved a 90day immersion in alkaline solution at 60 °C.
- Prior to the accelerated environmental treatment, the BFRP rebars exhibit physical-mechanical properties that meet or exceed FDOT 932 specifications, or ASTM D7957.
- Post treatment evaluations indicate that the BFRP rebars possess higher tensile load retention (78%-92%) than the FDOT 932 requirement/ GFRP rebars (>70%).
- Overall, the testing outcomes suggest epoxy based BFRP is capable providing safe and reliable rebars that meet FDOT requirements.



# **Contact Information**

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