



Aircraft Structural Brackets Using Additive Molding™

Overview of Technology, Examples, Etc.

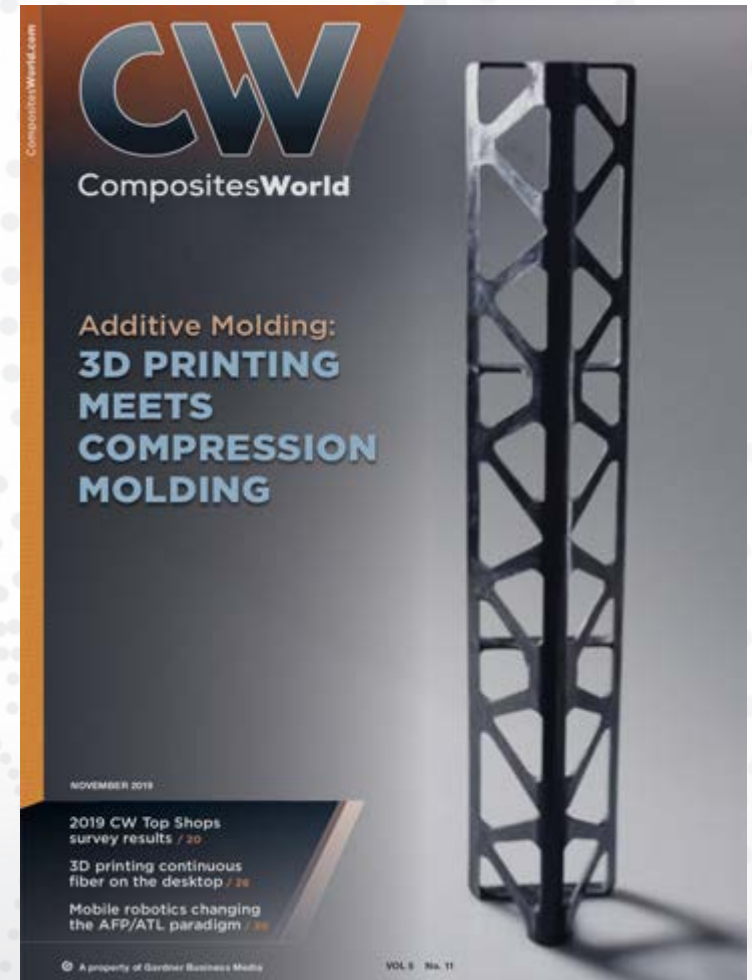
Riley Reese, Co-Founder & CTO

ARRIS Composites, Inc.



Aircraft Structural Brackets Using Additive Molding™

- ARRIS Company Overview
- Additive Molding™ Process + Design
- Customer Examples
- Aerospace Applications



ARRIS Overview



Carl Bass

Former Autodesk CEO and ARRIS Composites Advisor

"For decades, we've been on the verge of broadly realizing the superpowers of composites, but they've been limited to a small segment of the market. ARRIS' technology gives us the possibility of moving this to the broader market."



Jeff Immelt

NEA Venture Partner (ARRIS' VC) and Former GE CEO

"What we did at GE Plastics in automotive to replace non-structural metal with low cost/lightweight injection molded composites in the 1980s, ARRIS has now enabled for the rest of the vehicle."



Composites Landscape

Chopped Fiber



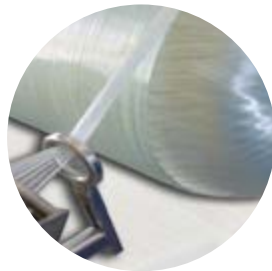
Injection Molding
"Short fiber"
(up to a few mm in length)



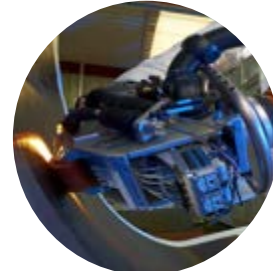
Compression Molding
"Long fiber"
(up from a few mm in length)

Shorter Cycle Times
Lower Strength
Higher Fidelity

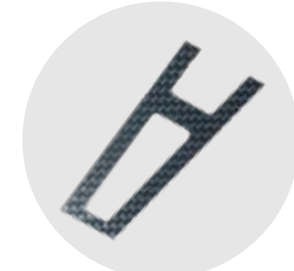
Continuous Fiber



Braiding &
Filament Winding



Automated Fiber
Placement & 3D
Printing



Hand Layup /
Sheet Molding
Techniques

Longer Cycle Times
Higher Strength
Lower Fidelity

Higher Unit Production

Lower Unit Production

Geometry Constraints—Aligning Fibers In Complex Composite Structures

Ideal Material Efficiency

Biologically optimized wood grain alignment—analogue to optimized composite fiber alignment.



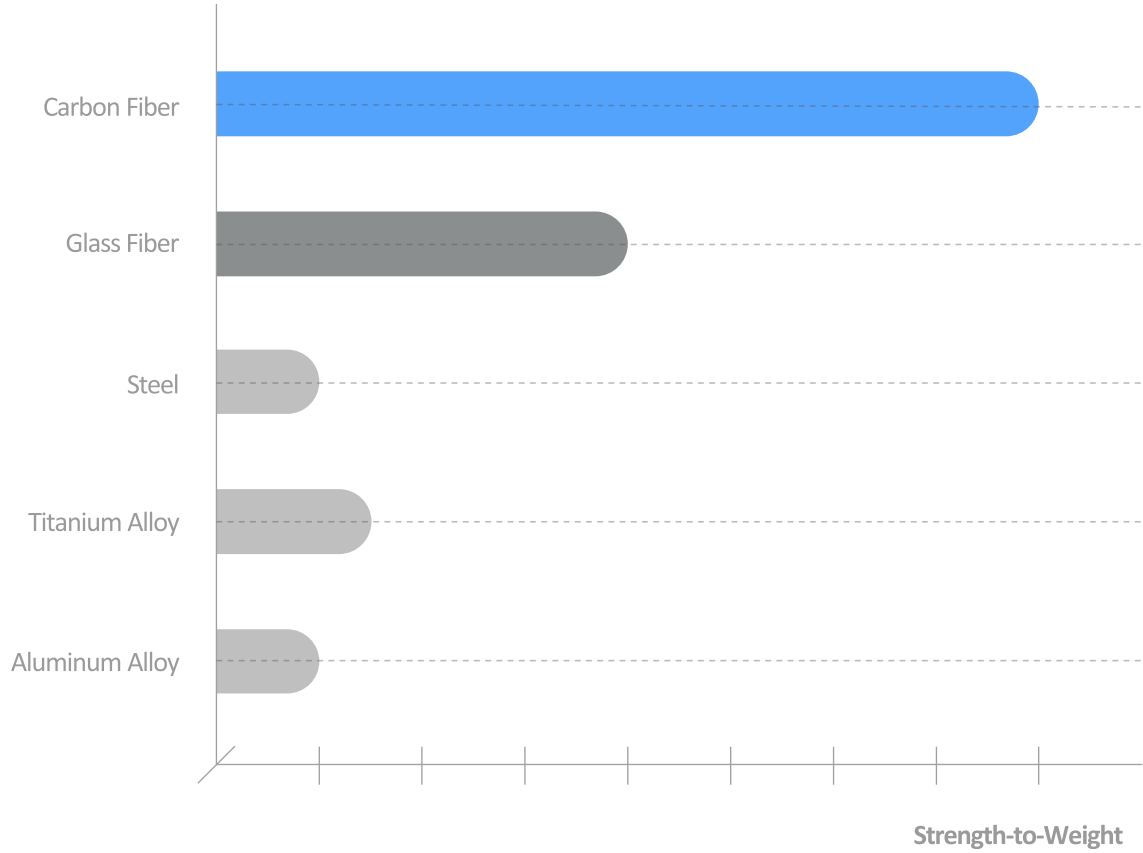
Conventional Composites

Fibers not optimally aligned—suboptimal material and structural performance.

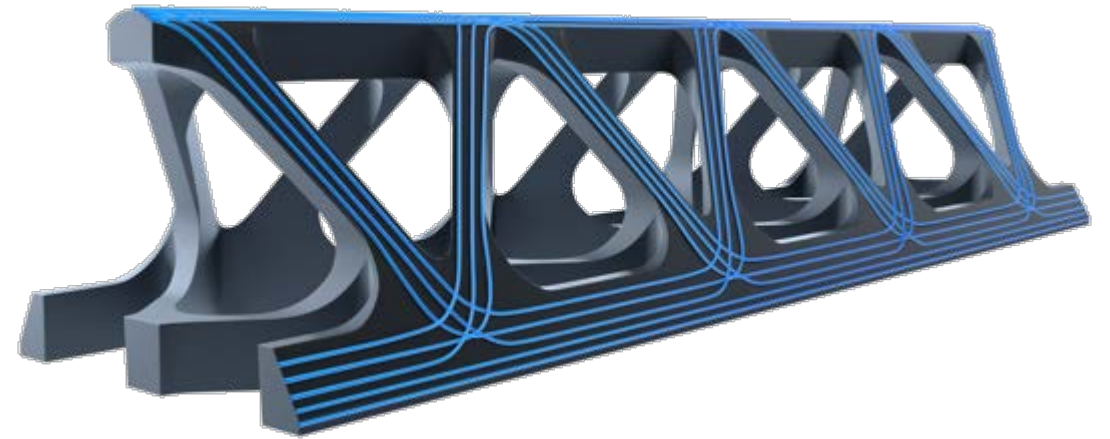


Fiber Optimized Complex Parts

Fibers 3D-Aligned With Principal Stress Vectors



Truss with optimized carbon fiber alignment – schematic of select pathways within ARRIS part



Manufacturing Constraints Have Limited Composites

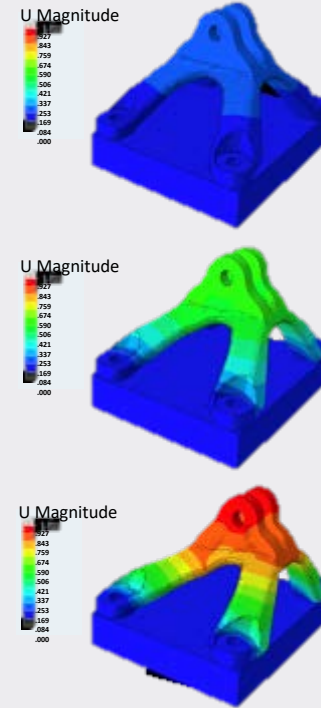
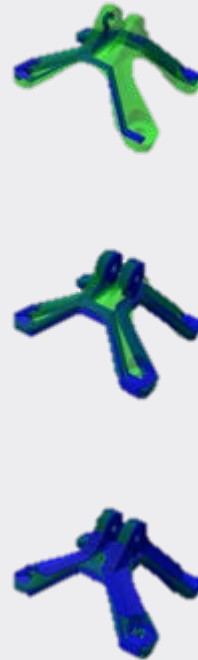
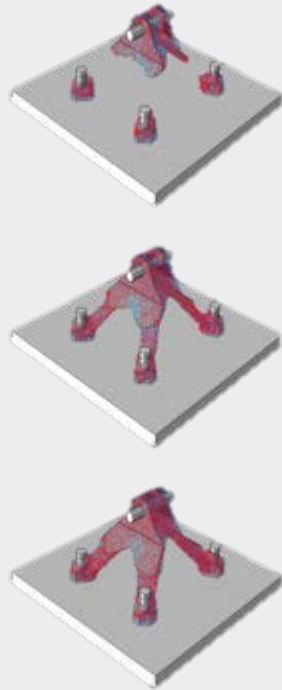
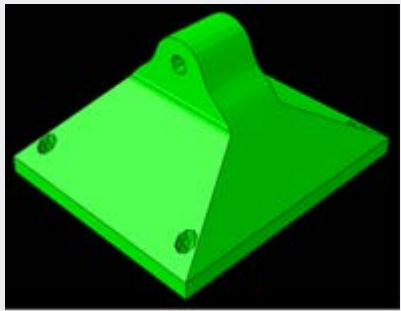
Why do continuous fiber composites look like this?



When optimal structural designs look like this?



Additive Molding™ Design Software



1 Define Requirements
Functional, Geometric, Etc.

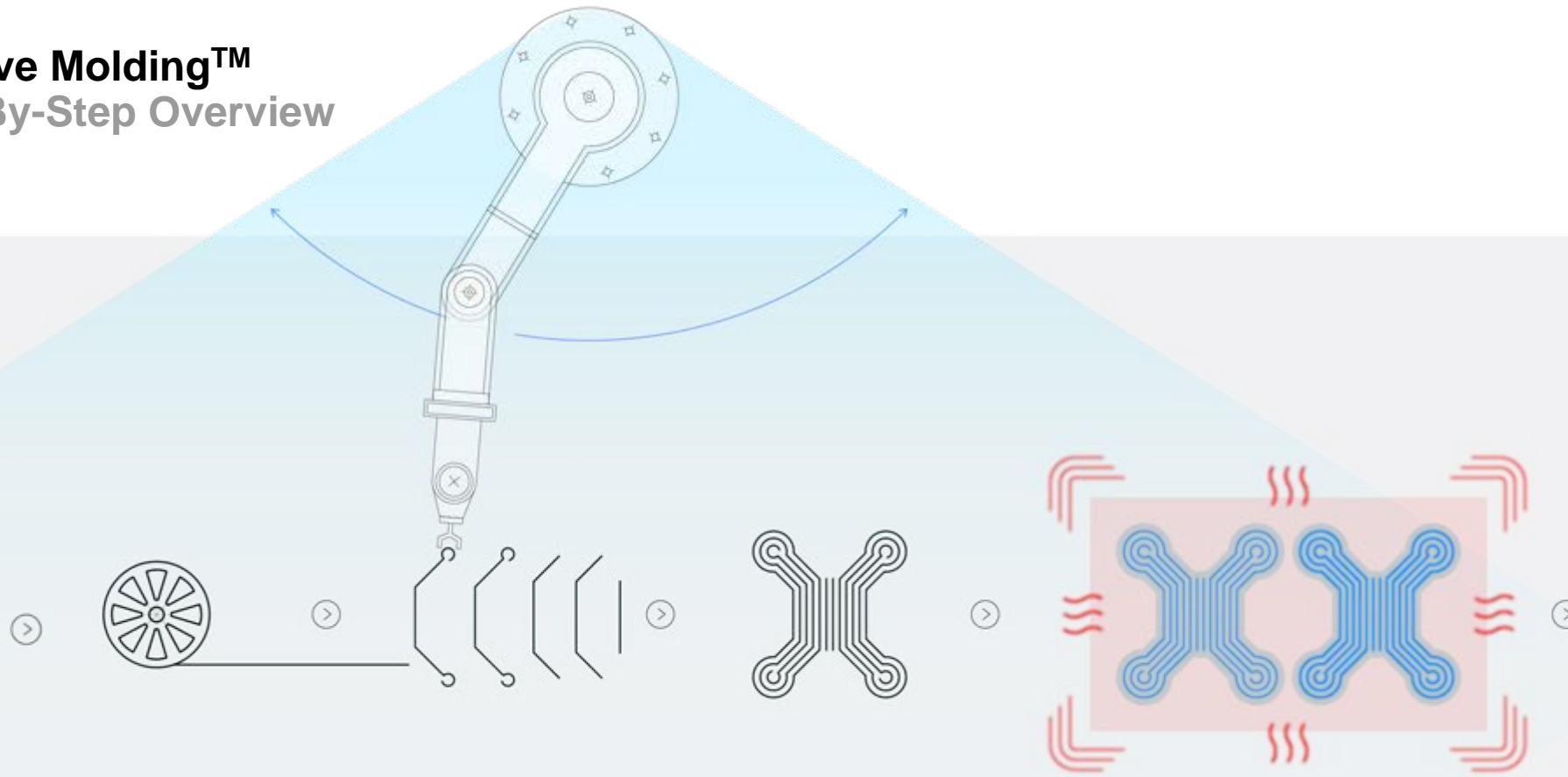
2 Computer Aided Design (CAD)
Topology & Fiber Alignment-Optimization

3 Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM)
Additive Molding System Instructions & Composite Preform Design

4 Computer Simulation of Part

5 Final CAD & CAM locked

Additive Molding™ Step-By-Step Overview



1 Raw Material

2 Impregnation
Of Composite
Material

3 Preformed Composite Pieces
4 Assembled Into Near-Net-Shape
Composite Preform Assembly

5 Mold Processing
Of Preformed
Composite Material

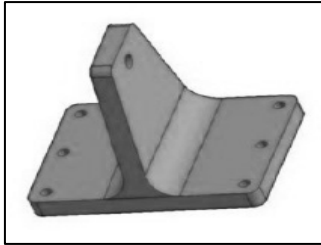
6 Final Part + Testing

Northrop Grumman Study

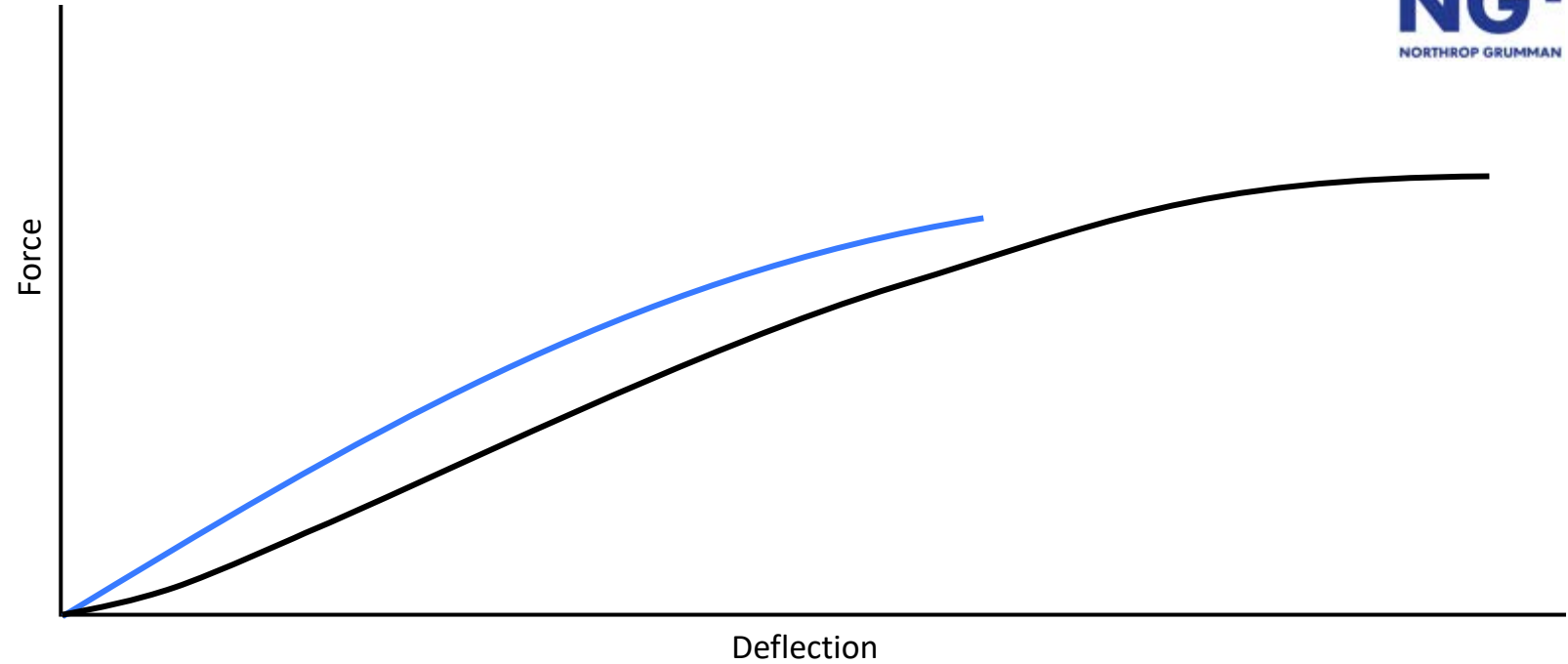
ARRIS Bracket matches stiffness of titanium bracket at 21% of the weight



Titanium 3D Printed T Design (Baseline)



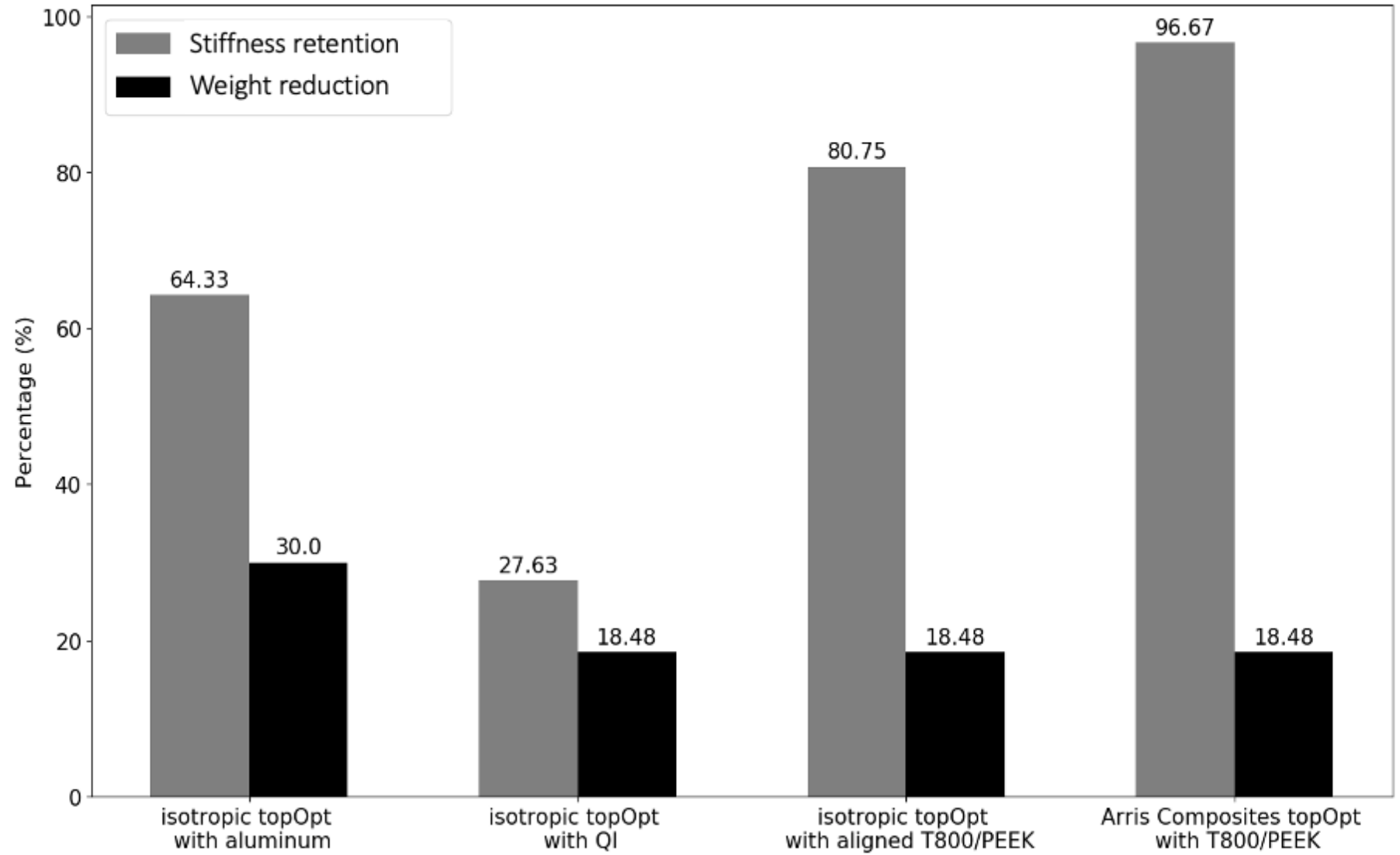
CF Additive Molded™ Topology Optimized



Material, Manufacturing Process, & Design	Weight	Weight Reduction
Titanium 3D Printed - T Design (baseline)	76 grams	-
CF PEEK Additive Molded™ - Topology Optimized	16 grams	79%

Testing performed by Hunter Lee, Structural Engineer & Dr. Ed Silverman, NG Fellow of the Northrop Grumman Space Systems Division

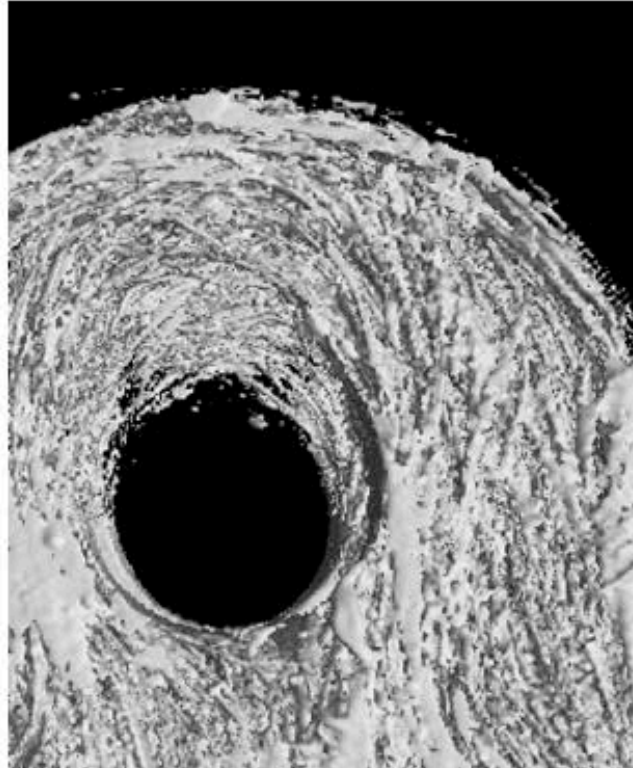
Bracket Study



Fiber Optimized Complex Parts



*Additively Molded Topology-Optimized
Continuous 3D-Aligned Carbon Fiber Bracket*

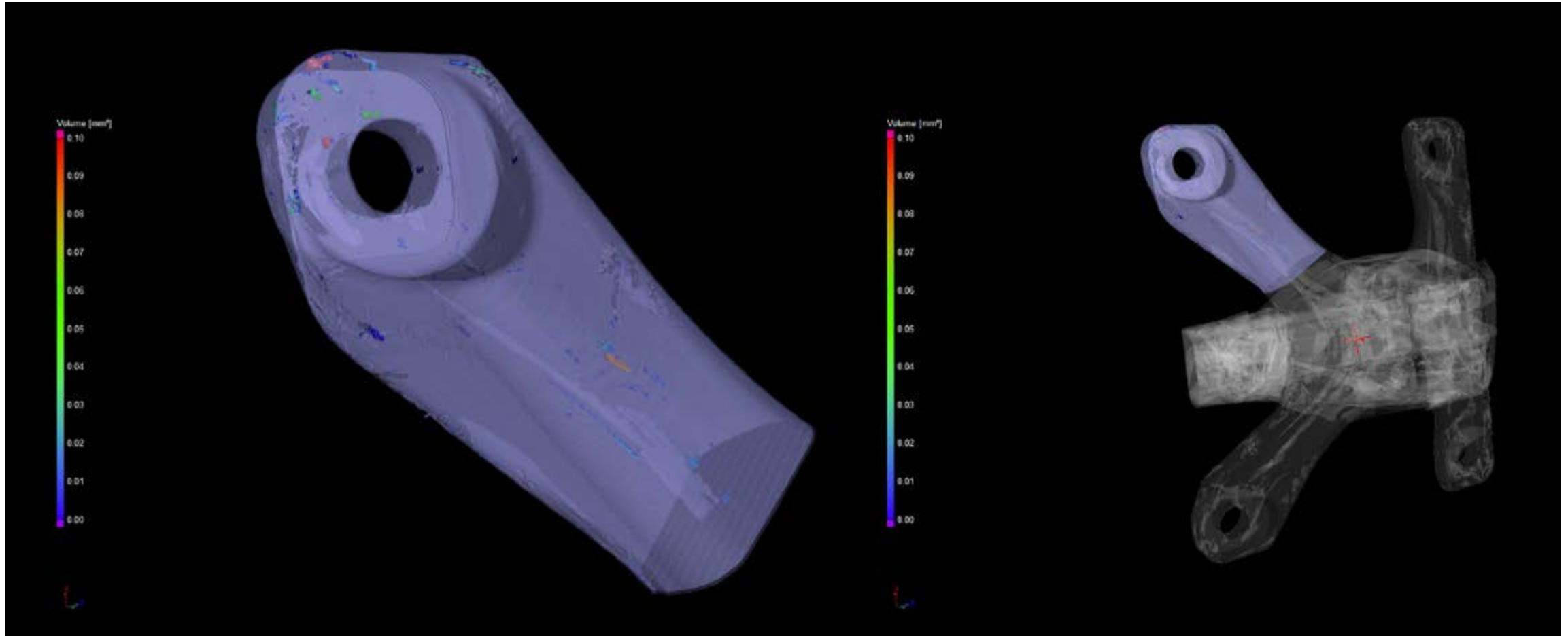


CT Scan of Fastener Hole



CT Scan of Bracket Leg

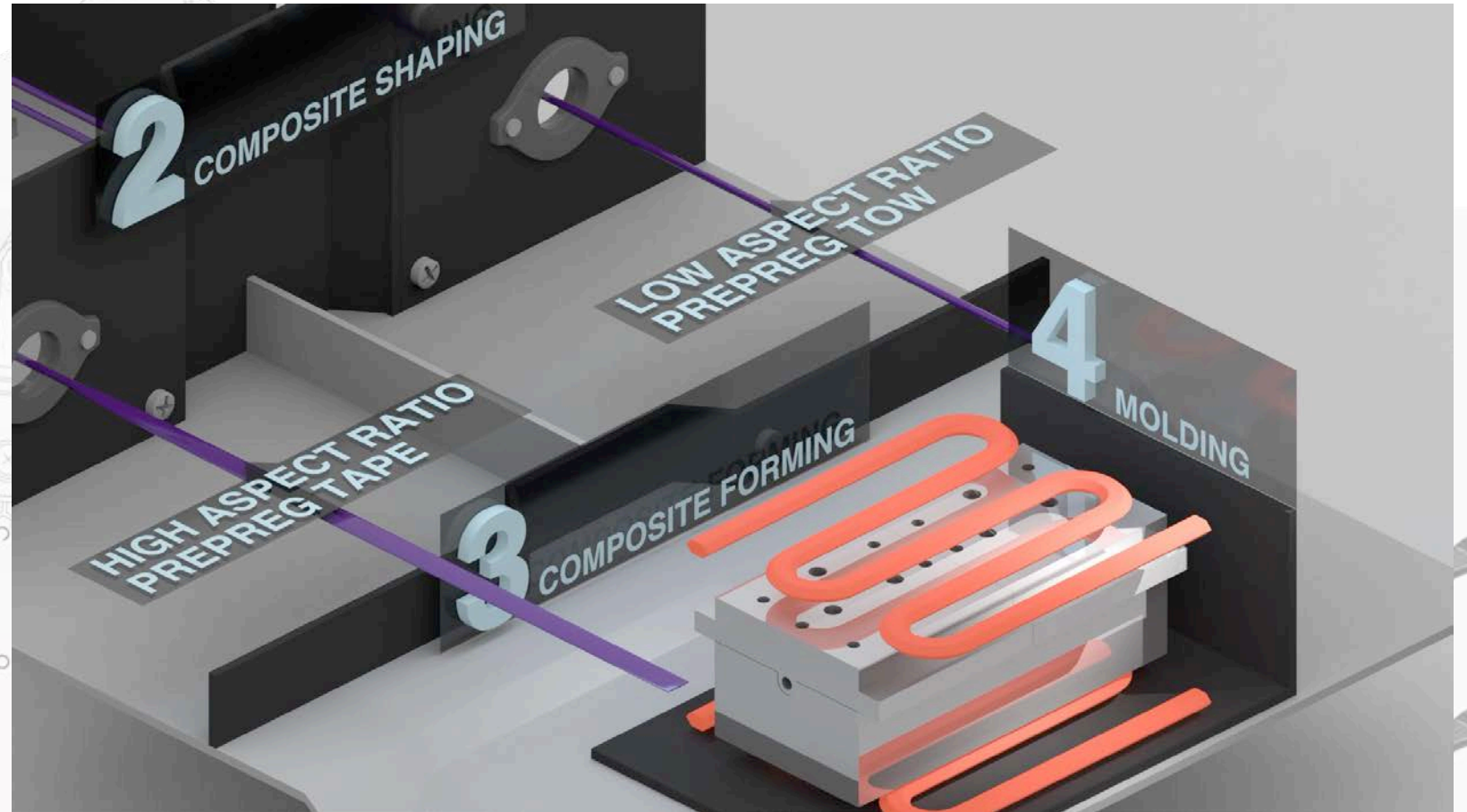
Aerospace Quality Composites Analysis Shows <0.5% Voids



Additive Molding™

Highest Strength-To-Stiffness, Complex Geometries, Scalable

Additive Molding™ Animation



1 Raw Material

2 Impregnation
Of Composite
Material

3 Preformed Composite Pieces
4 Assembled Into Near-Net-Shape
Composite Preform Assembly

5 Mold Processing
Of Preformed
Composite Material

6 Final Part + Testing

Advanced Materials Toolbox

Products may consist of multiple zones of dissimilar materials.














- **Weight & size reduction**
- **Reduced part count**
- **Fewer failure modes & process steps**
- **Multiple functions**

Material	Function
Carbon Fiber *	High strength-to-weight ratio (electrically & thermally conductive)
Glass Fiber *	Circuit board (electrically insulative)
Kevlar / Plastic Fiber *	Flexures & ultra-tough features, etc.
Thermoplastics	High quality surfaces & wide range of properties
Metal	Ductility, shape memory fiber *
Wire	Electrically conductive
Embedded Electronics	Sensors, antenna, power, battery, fiber optics, circuits

* Fibers mixed with a matrix material (typically thermoplastic)

Additive Molding™

Multi-Material = Multi-Functional

Mechanical	Functional	Electrical / Thermal
 Tough Zone	 Embedded Electronics	 Thermal Insulator / Conductor
 Wear Zone	 Metallic Inserts	 Electrical Insulator / Conductor
 Stiff Zone	 Ruggedized / Corrosion Proof	 EMI Shielding / Transmitting
 Strong Zone	 Vibration Dampening	 Structural Health Monitoring
	 Lightweight	

Part Examples

Additive Molding™

Featured Customer Example

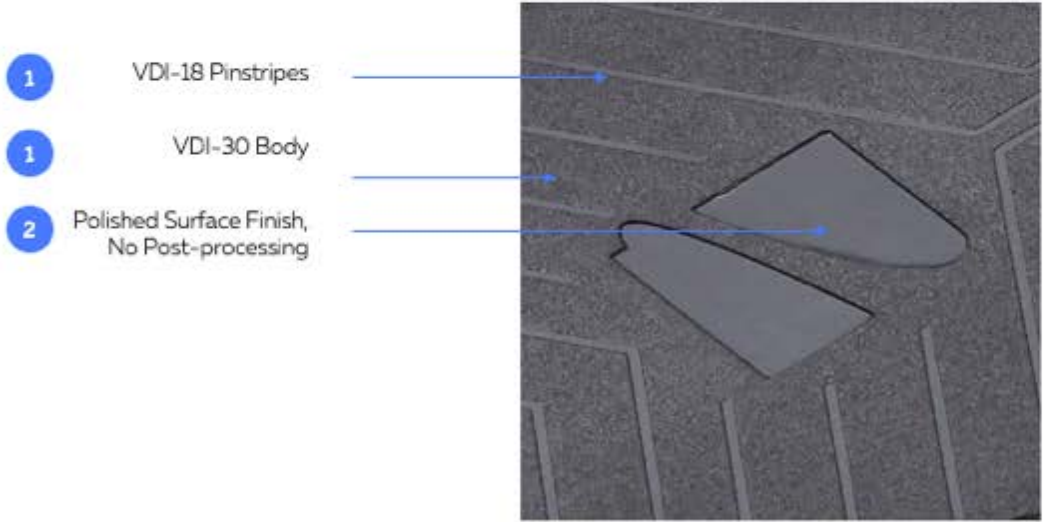
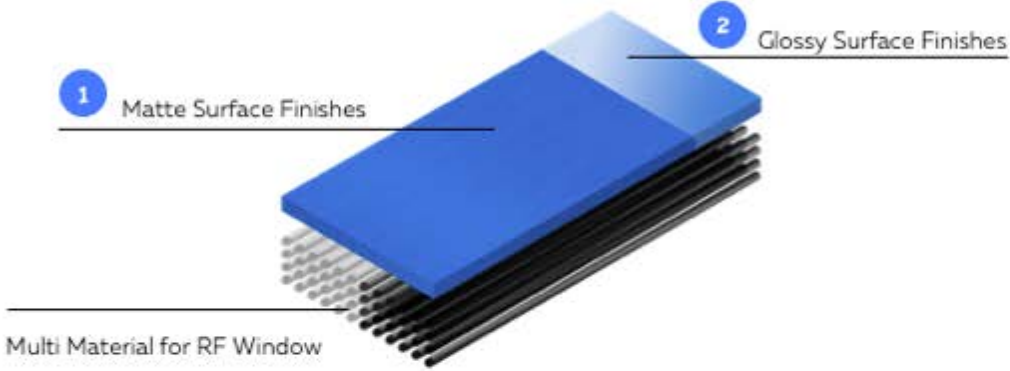
Skydio X2 Design & Engineering Performance by ARRIS

- Assembly consolidation, from 17 parts to one
- 25% weight reduction
- Increase in strength, stiffness & durability
- Multi-material for optimal RF transparency & mechanical performance

Original Assembly (17 Components)



Featured Customer Example



REDUCTION IN CO₂ EMISSIONS

CABIN BRACKET & OVERHEAD STOWAGE BRACKET

Conventional Part
220 G

VS

ARRIS Part
50 G

**MORE THAN 75%
WEIGHT REDUCTION**

At 500 brackets per plane and
100 planes per year...

50,000 brackets made per year
which contributes to 113M metric tons
of fuel saved over the lifetime of airplanes...

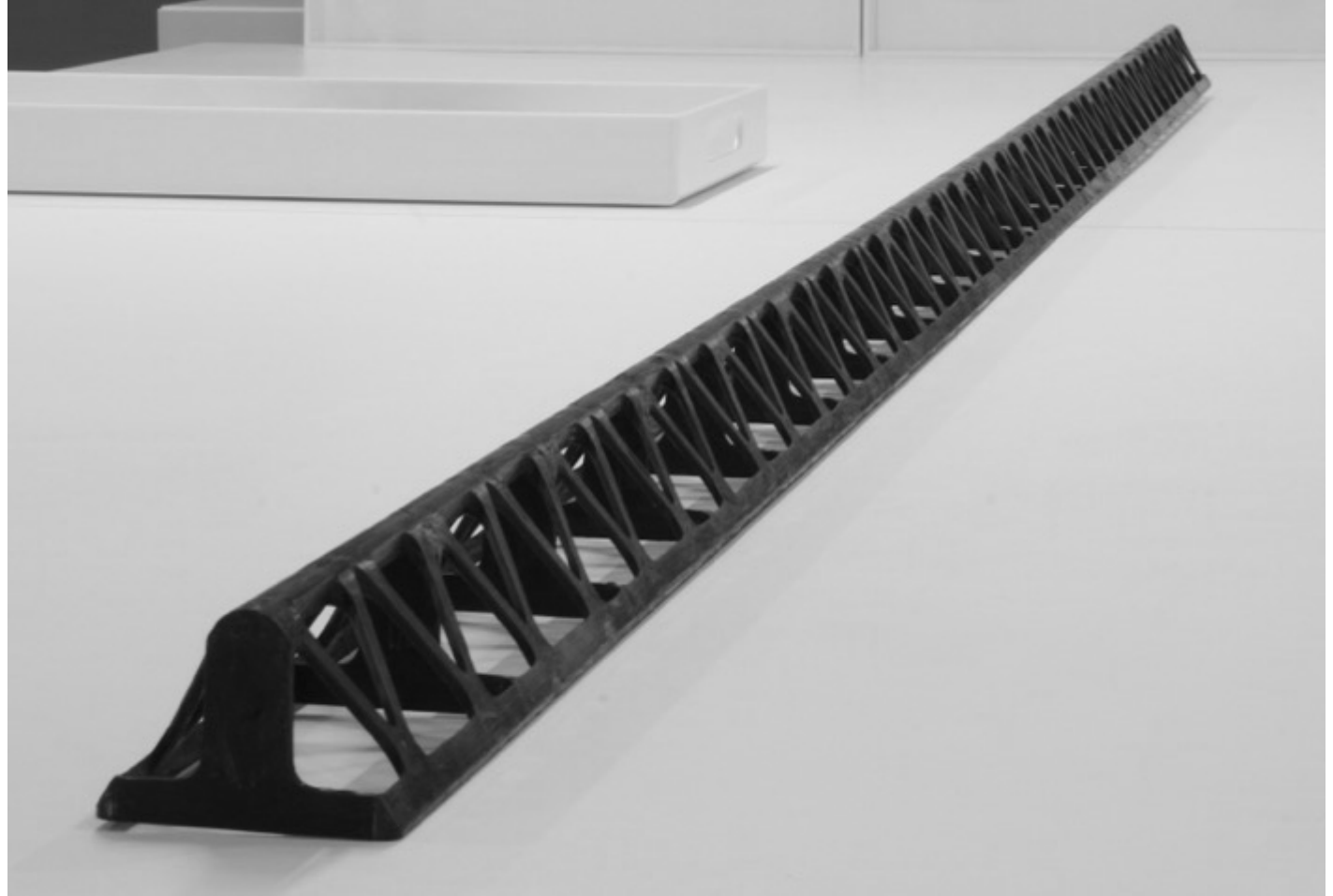
That's 357M metric tons
less CO₂ emissions.



THIS IS THE EQUIVALENT OF 22M
US PERSONS EMISSIONS IN A YEAR.

[WATCH VIDEO](#) | [READ PRESS RELEASE](#)

Carbon Fiber + Polycarbonate: Part Examples



Aerospace Applications

Weight critical applications requiring high strength and stiffness

- High performance vehicles, especially EVs
- Typically >\$10/kg value in **weight** savings
- Especially unsprung, rotating, and high center-of-gravity mass

Design critical applications

- Complex loading scenarios
- Joining structures
- Small/thin features

Volumes typically 10k to 1M parts per year

Part Size

- Current - 360 x 250 x 150 mm (14 x 10 x 6 inches)
- Q3 2022 – Large structure system

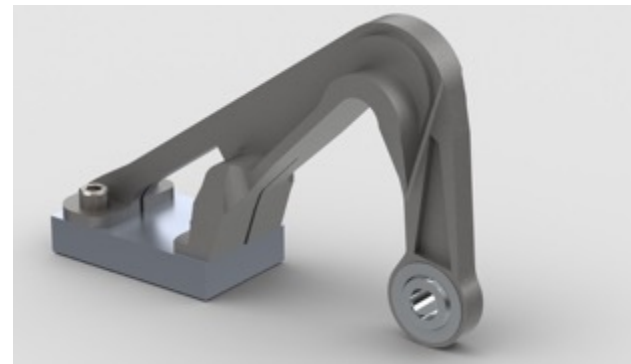
Current manufacturing methods to replace with Arris

- Forged, Die-cast, Machined: Magnesium, Aluminum, Steel, Titanium
- Laminate or infusion: Carbon Fiber + Epoxy
- Especially, Complex/Expensive assemblies of above parts

Assemblies which can be consolidated by leveraging design freedom of molding and capability to integrate:

- Electronics
- Metal inserts
- High-load and energy absorbing structures
- Innovative ID

Sustainability premium for lightweight, recyclable, bio-based composites.



Thank You

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